

SILVER AND LEAD

Silver, per ounce, 61 1/2c.
Copper, per pound, 15 1/2c.
Lead, per 100 pounds, \$3.85.
Price, \$1.05; New York exchange, \$1.06.
\$1.15; New York brokers, \$3.90/\$3.92.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 5, 1870.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1900

NUMBER 28

GERMANY DECIDES ON
REPRISAL IN CHINA

War Lord Will Use Mailed Fist to Secure Satisfaction for Ketteler's Death.

Fully 20,000 Troops and Five Battleships Will be Sent at Once to the Scene.

Berlin, July 2.—From well authenticated sources the representative of the Associated Press is able to state that today, after the detailed statement by Count von Buelow, secretary of state for foreign affairs, regarding the Chinese situation, Emperor William made up his mind to insist upon full satisfaction for the death of Baron von Ketteler.

For this purpose he has resolved to send altogether armed forces approximately as large as those of the other powers chiefly interested in restoring order in China. The precise size of the forces has not yet been determined, but it is expected they will amount to a score of thousands.

A considerable portion of the German fleet will be sent also. This is evidenced by the orders issued tonight to prepare five new battleships for sailing. It is understood that Prince Henry of Prussia has requested the emperor to give him command of this division, but it is doubtful if his majesty will agree to this.

The emperor and Count von Buelow are fully aware that constitutional difficulties render difficult the dispatching of so large a contingent, but both are agreed that it must be done. In this they are supported by the singularly unanimous attitude of the German press. Tonight a number of the leading papers are seriously discussing means for fulfilling the nation's wish to make reprisal against China correspondingly severe with the outrages.

(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press.)

Tien Tsin, June 29 (via Che Foo, July 1, and Shanghai, July 3).—A courier from Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of customs at Peking, has just arrived. He left Peking on Monday, June 25, and reports the situation desperate. The diplomats and missionaries are in the British legations, under fire. Cannon command the legations, but they are not being used. It is impossible to start relief at present.

Captain McCalla, commander of the Newark, estimates that 50,000 soldiers will be required to relieve the ministers in Peking.

LEGATIONS QUITE
DESPERATE

London, July 3, 3 a. m.—"The situation is desperate," Hadden.

These words from the message of Von Bergen, a member of the German legation at Peking, countersigned by Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of customs, and dated nine days ago, are the theme of all private comment. Everybody is preparing for news of a frightful tragedy.

Nine days ago the ammunition of the little garrison defending the foreigners was running low and their food was nearly exhausted, while around them was a horde of Kan Su braves, having at their service Krupp guns and repeating rifles.

Peking was in the hands of the revolutionists.

The allies are not advancing for the relief of Peking. The announcement to the house of commons by William St. John William Broderick, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, was with exclamations of astonishment and dismay.

Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett inquired for any information that had been received from the legations at Peking, or as to the compensation and command of the relieving force, and of the present position.

Mr. Broderick read the dispatches received today and said that 13,000 soldiers available is now about 13,000, as troops have been rapidly arriving, adding:

"We do not yet know what arrangements have been made for the relieving force, but it has not yet been thought possible to attempt a further advance."

The German embassy has been in communication with the viceroys in the Yangtze region, and they are quite well aware that support will be given them by her majesty's government in pressing order. It is obviously impossible that the representatives of the powers at Peking should be consulted, as no communications are passing between them.

KEMPF CALLS
SITUATION DIRE

Washington, July 2.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempff without date:

"Che Foo, Secretary of Navy, Washington:

"Runner from Peking reports legations are besieged. Provisions nearly exhausted. Situation desperate."

"German minister going to Tsungli Yamen murdered by Chinese soldiers."

"American, Italian and Dutch legations besieged."

"Twenty thousand Chinese soldiers inside, 30,000 outside Peking. 3,000 reported bound for Tien Tsin. Still fighting at Tien Tsin."

"Communication Tien Tsin by rail and river insecure."

"Having been taken to Tokyo by runner, the dispatch represented the minister's condition at least five days ago, and is reason to fear that the work has happened in the interim."

"The following cablegram has also been received from the navy department from Admiral Kempff:

"Che Foo, July 1.

"Oregon has run aground. It is not in a dangerous position; about 28 degrees north latitude, 20 degrees 40 minutes east longitude."

"Have sent to her assistance three naval vessels."

"It is reported that there is water in one of the Oregon's engines."

"The commander of the Oregon did not request assistance, a Japanese man-of-war having boarded vessel."

"Kempff."

Admiral Kempff's favorable report of the condition of the Oregon is believed by Secretary Long to be based on the report of the commander of the Japanese vessel which generously offered assistance.

No further reinforcements have been ordered to China, military or naval.

McCalla Again on Duty.

The navy department tonight received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempff:

"Che Foo, Secretary of Navy: Casualties to date:

"Corporal James F. Lannigan."

"Privates J. K. Miller, W. H. Morris, Ed. Provost, John Hunter, W. H. Nichols."

"Boatswain's Mate T. Thomas."

"Gunner's Mate B. Benson."

"Landman H. A. Brown."

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ANCESTERS
AS HOSTAGE

Berlin, July 2.—The consular body at Tien Tsin has unanimously proposed to their governments as the sole means of saving the foreigners at Peking that the united powers should inform the Chinese authorities that the graves of the ancestors of the imperial family at Peking will be destroyed if the foreigners at Peking, especially the ministers, are harmed. It is understood that Great Britain is not disposed to adhere to the proposition.

Thomas and thirty-four others slightly wounded.

"Ships' crews all nations re-embarking."

"Soldiers and marines remain ashore."

"Captain McCalla on duty."

"Kempff."

"Captain McCalla was reported wounded in a previous cablegram, so the latest news indicates that he was not badly hurt."

"Kempff."

"Kempff."

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TUNG FUN LIANG, Commanding Anti-Foreign Chinese Troops.

SOUTHERN CHINA BREAKS
AWAY FROM THE EMPIRE

London, July 3, 3 a. m.—While nothing but sinister news comes from northern China, southern China is seemingly breaking away from the empire. All the provinces south of the Yellow river, whose viceroys and governors maintain friendly relations with the powers, through the consuls, have been informally constituted into a confederacy, with Nankin as the capital.

According to an Express cable from Shanghai, dated July 2, the southern viceroys wholly disavow Prince Tuan's government. They have practically constituted an independent state, extending from the Hoangho to the British and French frontiers.

Little else to illuminate the profound obscurity of the situation reaches cable points. The Chinese wires to Che Foo appear to be interrupted. Last night St. Petersburg was informed over the Siberian wires that the destruction of the Russian railways in Manchuria continues, and it seems not improbable that Russia will be fully occupied for a time in suppressing the insurrection among its Chinese subjects and may be unable to send more troops immediately to Taku.

The powers look more and more to Japan to supply the force necessary at once to grapple with the formidable rebellion.

MOORISH MOB KILLS AN
AMERICAN CITIZEN AT FEZ

Tangier, July 2.—There is great excitement at Fez owing to French encroachments on the oasis of Touat. A mob killed the manager of a French concern who was an American citizen. The British consul has demanded assistance of the authorities to protect his house, and the Jewish ghetto is besieged.

The American legation here is making serious representations on the subject. The name of the victim of the mob was Marcus Essagin. The outrage occurred on Thursday last. Essagin, while riding on horseback through a narrow street, joined against the mule of a Moroccan, and a fight ensued, in which Essagin was killed. The crowd which gathered sided with the priest.

This was the signal for a general attack. The mob, armed with knives and stones, killed Essagin, and his body was burned, according to some, before life was extinct.

WOMEN STRIPPED AND FLOGGED;
PROTECTORS SHOT TO PIECES.

London, July 3.—The Rotterdam correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: It transpires that the recent mutiny at Shinkassaka Fort, near Boma, was due to the atrocious treatment of the soldiers' wives by the governor of the fort. When the women refused to do hard manual labor without pay he had them stripped and flogged till the blood ran down their bodies.

The mutineers are now all exterminated. They were hunted down and shot on sight or lashed to the mouths of cannon and blown to pieces by the governor before admiring Belgian officials in gala dress, by order of the acting governor.

ST. LOUIS STRIKE IS OFF

Agreement Is Reached in Street Car Dispute.

RESULT IS COMPROMISE

MEN MAY JOIN UNIONS OR NOT AS THEY SEE FIT.

St. Louis, July 2.—An agreement between the St. Louis Transit company and its former employees was signed today by representatives of the Transit company and by the executive committee of the union. The agreement follows:

"The provisions of agreement of March 10, 1900, as to rates of pay and hours of service will be continued in force by company."

"Every employee of company is to be free to join or not to join any organization, and no discrimination is to be made for or against him because of the manner in which he exercises his freedom."

"Any attempt on part of any employee to induce any other employee by intimidation or threat to join or not to join any union shall be cause for immediate discharge of the person guilty of such attempt."

"The company will meet any employee or committee of employees or other employees or an association of employees, regarding any matter of mutual interest."

"For the purpose of filling vacancies which may now exist or hereafter may arise, a committee of former employees of which T. H. Edwards is chairman, shall prepare a list of men who were in company service on May 7 last and as the company now or hereafter has been in service, it will select them exclusively from this list until it is exhausted, not interfering with men now in service. No person shall be eligible to this list who has been guilty of any acts of lawlessness or violence."

Scale of July 5, 1900.

The above compromise agreement, which marks the end of the long strike

FAVOR TARGET
FOR CHAIRMAN

Utah Delegation Will Be Organized Today.

IDAHO DELEGATES
JOIN UTAH PARTY

Incidents of Trip to Kansas City Convention.

(Special to The Herald from a Staff Correspondent.)

Nearing Cheyenne Wells, Colo., July 2.—Within a very few minutes the Utah delegation will cross the line into "Bleeding Kansas." Then it will be a matter of only a few hours until the convention city is reached. The train was scheduled to arrive at Kansas City at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The stop at Denver was shorter than had been anticipated on account of the delay in arriving. Still there was a trifle more than an hour to spend in the Colorado metropolis and the Utahns took advantage of the opportunity to see the sights. Most of them took an electric car and the principal sights to the best possible advantage.

Mrs. Cohen tasted some of the sorrows of fame as soon as the train reached Denver. Hardly had it stopped at the union station when a mad crowd of reporters, representing all the morning and afternoon papers, swarmed into the car, inquiring for the only woman delegate. Mrs. Cohen received them all and accorded an interview to each.

Idaho Delegates on Board.

Part of the Idaho delegation is on the train. The men who compose it caught on at Granger, but they are in a different car from the Utahs. They are E. L. Wolfe of Mountain Home, J. W. Reed of Lewiston and E. J. Dockery of Boise. All three are strongly opposed to any resolution in the national platform bearing on the Coeur d'Alene troubles. They said it was a local matter purely and one with which the national Democracy had no right to meddle.

"The question of the Coeur d'Alene will be settled at our state convention, which is to be held in Pocatello July 17. No matter what stand might be taken on the subject at Kansas City it might jeopardize Mr. Bryan's chances of carrying Idaho next fall."

The other delegates thoroughly endorsed the statement of Mr. Reed. In regard to the vice presidency Mr. Dockery said that the Idaho delegates had pledged to vote for J. Hamilton Lewis of Washington. For this reason, although the delegation knows Mr. Lewis has no earthly chance of being nominated, a complimentary ballot will be cast for him. The Idahoans have made no choice on their own account for the vice presidency.

It looks as if Mr. Reed will be put on the committee on resolutions, but aside from that it is not known what other appointments of convention honors will be made.

Division of Utah Honors.

It is most probable that Senator Rawlins will be Utah's representative on the committee. The four delegates on board favor this plan and their votes will be sufficient to elect, although no normal caucus has been held or vote taken. It is expected that a caucus will be held in the headquarters at the Baltimore tomorrow afternoon. Judge Weber favors A. H. Farber for chairman, and Colman for vice chairman. It is quite likely that these selections will be made.

All the Utah people thus far are in excellent health and spirits. Since a pituitary gland was removed from the weather has grown steadily warmer. Here in eastern Colorado the men have their coats off and the women are wearing fans vigorously. If this is a sample of what may be expected in Kansas City somebody is going to do some sweating.

JOEL L. PRIEST.

INCIDENTS EN ROUTE.

Nevada Delegates Divided Between Towne and Sulzer.

(Special to The Herald from a Staff Correspondent.)

Green River, Wyo., July 1. On board the Utah Special, Utah and Nevada are fraternizing in the friendliest kind of style. At Ogden five delegates from the state of silver and sagebrush boarded the train. They have berths in the Pullman and have been made to feel thoroughly at home. The delegates are E. L. Bingham, editor of the Tuscarora; Time Review; District Judge C. E. Mack of Virginia City, P. C. Webber of Elko, H. Belknap of Virginia City and George Frazier of Wadsworth.

The delegation is composed partly of silver Republicans, but it will have no trouble in getting together on the vice presidency. There is some difference of opinion just now, but that will be held in a caucus which is to be held at Kansas City, where Congressman Newlands now is. Judge Mack favors the nomination of Towne, but Sulzer is his second choice. Editor Bingham and Mr. Webber are both hot Sulzer men. Mr. Belknap, while not willing to express a direct desire to see Sulzer nominated, expressed the opinion that the vice president should be a New Yorker. If the delegation from the Empire state decides to present the name of Mr. Sulzer, Mr. Belknap will vote for him. Should New York decide on some other man, Mr. Belknap will vote for him just as cheerfully as for Sulzer. Mr. Frazier has no choice.

Will Sweep Nevada.

All of the Nevada delegates unite in saying that the Democratic candidate will sweep the state this fall. Mr. Belknap explained that a fusion of Democrats and silver Republicans was being arranged on an equitable basis and that it would win at the polls beyond question. At present the parties are nearly tied. Should all three put up tickets the result would be a matter of grave doubt.

Judge A. J. Weber and A. G. Horne took the train at the Junction City, where both have the honor to reside. They assisted the Salt Lake men in making the Nevadans feel at home. Throughout the afternoon the library and buffet smoking car at the front end of the train has buzzed with talk of national politics. Conditions, past, present and to come have been discussed and the country has been saved a dozen times over.

There will be even more politics tomorrow, for the Wyoming delegation, which comes on at Cheyenne, and part

Cuban Teachers Reach Boston.

Boston, July 2.—The United States army transport Sedgwick, having on board more than 400 female teachers from Cuba, being the third of the fleet bringing the instructors to this country for a season of study at Harvard university's summer school, arrived today. Two more transports are yet to come.

(Continued on Page 2)

SULZER OR TOWNE,
AND SIXTEEN TO ONE

Vice Presidency In Doubt, But Platform Question Seems to Be Settled.

Bryan Opposed to Any Hedging On Silver---Democracy's Thousands Flocking to Kansas City.

Omaha, Neb., July 2.—A special to the World-Herald from Lincoln tonight says:

"Things are shaping up well in Kansas City, and the construction of the platform is practically decided. It will reaffirm the Chicago platform and have an additional plank setting out specifically free coinage of silver at the legal ratio, as it will also have an additional plank on the trust question."

These were the words of James Kerr of Clearfield, Pa., spoken to a representative of the World-Herald this evening.

Mr. Kerr was decidedly enthusiastic over the prospects for harmony on all questions at Kansas City and the probability of Bryan's ultimate election. He said:

"The opposition is trying to make out that there is a fight against the money plank of the Chicago platform, but as a matter of fact, the opposition is very limited. Sixteen to one is not an issue between factions of the Democratic party; we are all for bimetalism at the legal ratio. To do other than declare directly for it would be an admission of weakness and just what the Republicans want. All the old Democrats are coming back to us. They will vote for Bryan this fall, with very few exceptions."

GATHERING OF THE HOSTS
AT THE CONVENTION CITY

Kansas City, Mo., July 2.—The throbbing and thrill of a great national assembly is beginning to take possession of this young Queen City of the Southwest. Throughout the day there has been a steady tramp, tramp of incoming thousands, by every train, choking the railroad stations with a struggling, travel-stained and sweating throng, filling the streets with slow moving, jostling crowds, emptying into the hotel lobbies where, amid cigar smoke and piles of baggage and the shout of badge vendors, the currents of earnest and excited men eddy into groups, declaiming the merits of candidates and issues, arguing, protesting, gesticulating. The delegates have been arriving in scattered lots, some of them with hands and banners to add sound and color to the animated scene.

Among the day's arrivals are many of the interesting figures of the party, including the smooth-faced, ministerial-looking Oldham of Nebraska, who will make the speech placing Mr. Bryan in nomination; Hill of New York, weighted with his long conference with Bryan at Lincoln and weary with three days of constant travel; Perry Belmont of New York, well groomed and debonaire; Teller of Colorado, with his Jackson-like face thin and worn; Senator Money of Mississippi, tall and gaunt, with a strong contingent from the far south; a distinguished Populist trio, Senators Allen, Heitfeldt and Harris, here to add the cause of Towne; John P. Altgeld of Illinois, brown and smiling under his broad-brimmed Panama; Governor W. W. Smith of Maryland, a close confidant of Governor Arthur Sewall, the Maine ship-builder, who ran with Bryan four years ago, and that unique figure of the senate who has brought excitement and sensation to its deliberators, Senator Brewster; Senator William E. Clark of Montana, heading the delegation of "regulars," with two brass bands and an atmosphere of enthusiasm.

Heat Is Oppressive.

With the influx of leaders and delegates, the holding of caucuses and the organization of state delegations has begun under hot and oppressive conditions. It has been a sticky, muggy day, with the city overcast and threatening and the air heavily charged with moisture.

The great work of the convention being today with a meeting of the national committee to determine candidates and select temporary officers. Mayor Rose of Milwaukee, the choice for temporary chairman, is a German-American, reputed to be an orator of fine presence and effective delivery.

Tonight the national committee is having a private dinner, a sort of family conference, as the guest of Daniel J. Campau, who grew up in the city, and delegates and spectators are centering at convention hall, which is formally opened with a band concert. The vast structure is surrounded with the debris of its construction, an army of workmen and decorators are busy inside, but there is no doubt it will be complete and ready for the convention hosts by Wednesday morning.

Bryan's Influence.

But, aside from these formal proceedings the day has brought many developments and some surprises in the general situation. The dominating influence of Mr. Bryan over the convention has been manifest, causing some concern and just a little rebellion in some quarters. It is not an authority of formal words or actions by him that this influence is exerted, but in ways none the less effective. Its importance, however, has not been so much in disclosing how crowds of men Mr. Bryan holds on the convention's course, as in showing that there is little likelihood of a modification or dilution of the silver plank.

The arrival of the Nebraska delegation, fresh from conference with the leader, was mainly instrumental in showing Mr. Bryan's attitude. They were hardly off the cars before they were in caucus and formally put forward a declaration of principles. This expressed unalterable opposition to any platform of the principle of bimetalism, and a demand for a financial plank making a specific pledge for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of what any other nation may do.

The resolution was accepted as little short of notice to other delegations as to the sentiment of men very near to left him, and Judge Tibbets, head of the delegates at large, dined with Mr. Bryan and Governor Hill at Lincoln last night. "The platform must be straight as to 16 to 1. There is no question as to that," said Judge Tibbets. A like view was expressed by R. L. Metcalf, who will represent Nebraska on the platform committee. "I will urge that the financial plank of the Chicago platform be reaffirmed and repeated," said he; "not necessarily in the same words, but in the same spirit, a declaration for free coinage at 16 to 1, without regard to the action of other nations. Less than that would be weakness."

But the influence of Mr. Bryan over

WEATHER TODAY.

Forecast for Salt Lake Today Is: Conditions favorable for occasional light showers; slight changes in temperature.

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